

## 2022~2023学年第二学期初三年级第一次调研试卷

## 英语

(本试卷共八大题, 满分120分。考试用时100分钟。)

## 注意事项:

1. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的学校、班级、姓名用0.5毫米黑色签字笔填写在答题卡相对应的位置上, 认真填写自己的考试号并用2B铅笔把考试号对应的数字涂黑。
2. 答选择题必须用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 如需改动, 请用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案; 答非选择题必须用0.5毫米黑色墨水签字笔写在答题卡指定的位置上, 不在答题区域内的答案一律无效, 不得用其他笔答题。
3. 考生答题必须答在答题卡上, 答在试卷和草稿纸上无效。

## 一、听力选择(共20小题;每小题1分, 满分20分)

## A) 听对话回答问题

本部分共有10道小题, 每小题你将听到一段对话, 每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前, 你将有5秒钟的时间阅读题目; 听完后, 你还有5秒钟的时间选出最合适的备选答案。

1. What's the weather like now?

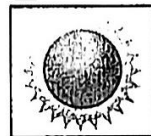
A.



B.

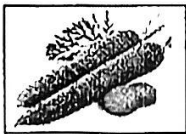


C.



2. What do they usually have for dinner?

A.



B.



C.



3. Where does the man want to go?

A.



B.

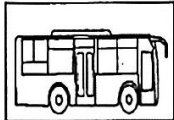


C.



4. How will the speakers probably go to the airport?

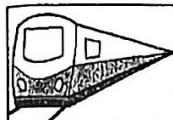
A.



B.



C.



5. Who took the photo?

A. The boy.

B. The girl.

C. The boy's sister.

6. How many subjects are mentioned in the conversation?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

7. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

A. In a bank.

B. In a shop.

C. In a library.

8. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Teacher and student.

B. Grandma and grandson.

C. Mother and son.

9. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
 A. Cathy's job interview.      B. Cathy's clothes.      C. Cathy's school.
10. Why doesn't Betty look well?  
 A. Because she is ill.  
 B. Because she had a test.  
 C. Because she went to bed late last night.

## B) 听对话和短文回答问题

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文,各听两遍。听每段对话和短文前,你将有时间阅读相关小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,你还有5秒钟的时间选出最合适的备选答案。

听一段对话,回答第11-12小题。

11. What's the woman going to do next week?  
 A. Give a talk.      B. Have a lesson.      C. Take a test.
12. What's the man's suggestion?  
 A. Finish writing a little earlier.  
 B. Use more beautiful words.  
 C. Practice on him and his friends.

听第一篇短文,回答第13-15小题。请根据短文内容,选择正确答案,完成信息记录表。

Paul's daily life	
In the past	*As a child, he had plenty of time to play freely. *He read many <u>13</u> . *He played basketball and baseball with his classmates.
Now	*He has to <u>14</u> all day now. *He does his homework at home alone.
Other information	*His parents don't allow him to do his homework with his friends. *His parents expect him to be <u>15</u> . But he has a different idea.

13. A. story books      B. text books      C. cartoon books
14. A. study      B. read      C. write
15. A. teacher      B. a doctor      C. a policeman
- 听第二篇短文,回答第16-20小题。
16. How many suggestions are given by the speaker?  
 A. Two.      B. Three.      C. Four.
17. What kind of food does the speaker eat a lot?  
 A. Meat.      B. French fries.      C. Vegetables and fruit.
18. Which activity is good for the old?  
 A. Playing Tai Chi.      B. Playing soccer.      C. Playing basketball.
19. Why should we spend time with our friends?  
 A. Because we can play games together.  
 B. Because we can learn from each other.  
 C. Because being with friends makes us happy.
20. Which is not mentioned in the passage?  
 A. Doing exercise.      B. Eating healthily.      C. Having enough sleep.

## 二、单项填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面各题,从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. Tan Dun, a world-famous composer, was born in \_\_\_\_ central Hunan, China.  
A. /                      B. a                      C. an                      D. the
22. We asked Tony and Neo a simple question, but \_\_\_\_ of them could answer it.  
A. both                      B. either                      C. neither                      D. none
23. Timmy likes the car very much, but its price goes \_\_\_\_ his ability to pay.  
A. among                      B. against                      C. below                      D. beyond
24. ---Miss Li. I don't want to say sorry to Daniel.  
--- I'm afraid you \_\_\_\_\_. After all, you broke his glasses.  
A. may                      B. have to                      C. can                      D. need
25. ---Have you ever heard of intelligent house furnishings (智能家居)?  
--- Yes, and they are \_\_\_\_\_ used in people's homes these days.  
A. widely                      B. wisely                      C. quietly                      D. clearly
26. ---Billy has made great progress in his maths.  
--- Exactly. He doesn't do his homework so \_\_\_\_\_ as he used to be.  
A. quickly                      B. patiently                      C. correctly                      D. carelessly
27. Each student should try to make a \_\_\_\_\_ to the development for our school.  
A. communication                      B. contribution                      C. conversation                      D. competition
28. We would like to buy electric cars \_\_\_\_\_ they produce less air pollution.  
A. because                      B. so                      C. though                      D. but
29. ---Hello, Peter! What are you doing?  
--- I'm watching a football match. It started at 7:00 p.m. and it \_\_\_\_\_ on for another hour.  
A. has been                      B. was                      C. is                      D. will be
30. --- Excuse me, but can you \_\_\_\_\_ to a Chinese speaker?  
--- Sure. Just a minute.  
A. put me through                      B. put me back                      C. put me away                      D. put me on
31. After listening to the \_\_\_\_\_ to this attraction, we become more interested in this place.  
A. influence                      B. instrument                      C. introduction                      D. instruction
32. ---The government is carrying out a new policy to reduce the students' pressure.  
--- It's great. Homework \_\_\_\_\_ too much of the students' spare time.  
A. makes up                      B. takes up                      C. sets up                      D. puts up
33. ---I didn't see you at the meeting yesterday, why?  
--- I \_\_\_\_\_ for a long distance call from my friend in England.  
A. waited                      B. was waiting                      C. will wait                      D. have waited
34. ---Amy, could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
--- Sorry, dear. I have no idea because I was working in my study.  
A. what is Lily doing                      B. where has Sam gone  
C. who did the washing                      D. when Sandy would leave
35. ---Thank you for showing me around your beautiful city. I love it so much.  
--- \_\_\_\_\_. We are looking forward to your next visit to Suzhou!  
A. Never mind                      B. All right                      C. That's right                      D. My pleasure

### 三、完形填空 (共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Are you animal lovers? Would you like to protect animals? Are you willing to 36 your time helping animals? If you answer "yes" to these questions, you can possibly consider a 37 in animal care.



Animal rights officers make sure that people treat animals 38. They visit homes, places where animals are bought and sold, zoos and animal hospitals. They check to make sure that the animals are getting enough food and they have enough 39 to climb around. Sometimes an animal rights officer will appear in court (法庭) to protect the rights of an animal.

To be an animal care assistant, you must be in very good health. Some times it involves getting animals out of dangerous situations. 40 it's not always easy to get a cat down from a tree. Other times, animal care assistants must take a sick animal to the hospital for treatment. These animals are often in great pain. They are afraid. It's 41 for the animal care assistants to catch or control them.

An animal 42 is also called a "vet". Some vets work for zoos or animals hospitals to make some sick tigers, elephants and horses better. Others treat some sick animals like dogs and cats. They 43 the animals temperature, give injections, and take X-rays for sick animals. They also decide what kind of 44 a sick animal may need. If an animal weighs too little or looks very 45, a vet may use a feeding tube to make sure it gets enough nutrition (营养) from food. It takes many years of higher education to become an excellent vet.



- |                   |              |                |               |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 36. A. have       | B. spend     | C. find        | D. take       |
| 37. A. help       | B. place     | C. job         | D. task       |
| 38. A. properly   | B. commonly  | C. warmly      | D. specially  |
| 39. A. money      | B. care      | C. rooms       | D. space      |
| 40. A. In general | B. In all    | C. For example | D. Such as    |
| 41. A. safe       | B. difficult | C. important   | D. meaningful |
| 42. A. helper     | B. doctor    | C. lover       | D. trainer    |
| 43. A. show       | B. offer     | C. take        | D. keep       |
| 44. A. food       | B. care      | C. medicine    | D. support    |
| 45. A. sad        | B. weak      | C. worried     | D. upset      |



四、阅读理解 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Kangaroos aren't the only animals that carry babies in body pouches (小袋). Check out some that keep their unborn babies or newborns safe in a pouch.

 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Sugar glider</b></p> <p>The opening of a sugar glider's pouch is close to where a belly button would be on a human.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Kangaroo</b></p> <p>Born the size of a grape, baby kangaroos won't leave their mother's pouch for good until they're about 8 to 11 months old.</p> 
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Koala	Seahorse
 <p>A baby koala is born blind, hairless And no bigger than a jelly bean. It relies on its senses of smell and touch to find its mother's pouch.</p>	<p>Seahorse dads have a front pouch where they carry their eggs between 10 and 25 days until they're ready to hatch.</p> 

46. Except \_\_\_\_\_, other three animals' mums carry their babies in body pouches.  
A. Sugar gilders.                      B. Kangaroos.                      C. Koalas.                      D. Seahorses.
47. What kind of sense does **Not** a newborn koala have?  
A. Sight.                      B. Hearing.                      C. Smell.                      D. Feeling.
48. Which one would be the best title for the passage?  
A. Lovely animals.                      B. Animal babies.  
C. Pocket protectors.                      D. Hard-working daddies.

## B

Boris, a foreign student at Communication University of China, often shares his experiences of Chinese culture on his v log (视频博客).

In one video, for example, Boris shared how he had learned the Chinese word "dong xi". He translated each part separately into "east west". And he introduced theory (说法) about how "dong xi" came to mean "things". He told people that all marketplaces in ancient Chinese cities were set up along a single road that ran from east to west. So when you would say "qumaidongxi", you'd be saying, "I'm going to buy things."

Some other videos show his reading Chinese poems and performing kung fu in Chinese traditional costume, which are quite welcome among his 40,000 followers.

"Many of my followers are learning Chinese," Boris said. "But sadly, they know little about Chinese culture and the country."

Like many foreigners, Boris once believed that all Chinese could perform kung fu, flying on to roofs and walking over walls. He thought the country was not that developed. But after he got a scholarship (奖学金) to study in China in 2019, his view changed. "China has entered a new period, but many people's impressions of China are still stuck in the 1970s," Boris said. "That's why I started to shoot v logs to share Chinese culture in 2019."

Until now, Boris has posted more than 40 Chinese culture vlogs online. But making these vlogs is not easy. Take reading the poem Second Farewell to Cambridge by Xu Zhimo as an example. "I can understand and read every word in the poem," Boris said. "But to touch readers, I need to use proper feelings while reading." So he needed to look for much background information and make his feelings suit each part of the poem.

Though shooting these v logs takes lots of time, the young man feels proud that his vlogs have inspired many people. Boris said that he wanted to continue bridging the differences between two cultures. "This goal may not be achieved easily, but I will spare no efforts to do my part."

49. Through the vlogs, Boris mainly wants to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. teach foreigners Chinese                      B. introduce a Chinese university  
C. sell Chinese products                      D. share his experiences in China

50. Boris learned the Chinese word "dong xi" by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. translating it as a whole  
 B. knowing its cultural background  
 C. making up some sentences  
 D. comparing it with similar words
51. What inspired Boris to shoot vlogs?  
 A. His hunger for new technology.  
 B. His wish to show the real China.  
 C. His interest in Chinese words.  
 D. His dream to be a big vlogger.
52. The passage is probably written to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. say yes to Boris's actions  
 B. build bridges by making v logs  
 C. call for more help  
 D. achieve a common goal

## C

The mental (心理的) health of children is connected to their parents' mental health. A recent study asked parents to report on their children's mental and physical (身体的) health as well as their own mental health. One in 14 children aged 0~17 years had a parent who reported poor mental health, and those children were more likely to have poor general health and a mental or developmental disability.

Being mentally healthy during childhood includes reaching developmental milestones, learning healthy social skills and how to solve problems. Mentally healthy children are more likely to have a happy life and are more likely to work well at home, in school, and in their communities.

A child's healthy development depends on their parents who serve as their first sources (来源) of support in becoming independent and leading healthy and successful lives.

The mental health of parents and children is connected in many ways. Parents who have their own mental health challenges, such as dealing with anxiety (fear or worry), may have more difficulty providing care for their children compared to parents who describe their mental health as good. Caring for children can create challenges for parents, particularly if they lack (缺乏) support, which can have a negative (消极的) effect on a parent's mental health. Parents and children may also experience shared risks, such as living in unsafe environments, and the like.

Fathers are important for improving children's mental health, although they are not as often included in research studies as mothers. The recent study looked at fathers and found similar connections between their mental health and their children's general and mental health as for mothers. Fathers and mothers need support, which, in turn, can help them support their children's mental health.

53. What does the study mainly focus on?  
 A. Some useful social skills.  
 B. Children's future life.  
 C. Parent-child mental health.  
 D. Community's influence.
54. Which is a challenge for parents according to the passage?  
 A. Raising kids without support.  
 B. Living in a strange place.  
 C. Sharing a common interest.  
 D. Communicating with each other.
55. What can we know about fathers from the last paragraph?  
 A. They are often included in studies.  
 B. They play a more important part.  
 C. They seldom bear the responsibility.  
 D. They can influence children's health.
56. Where can the passage be found?



60. What is the writer's attitude (态度) towards museums?

- A. She suggests going to museums.
- B. She warns the problems of museums.
- C. Museums have advantages and disadvantages.
- D. Museums should be open to all kinds of people.

五、信息还原 (共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Most people are enjoying their happy family life, but it is not all smiles and laughter. 61

**Spend time together as a family.**

Some people are too busy for family time. Every day it should be eating at least one meal together. Make the conversation around the table pleasant and caring. Maybe ask each person how their day was or what is happening in their school or work life. 62 They have got to be done to use tear m work and build relationships at the same time.

**Respect your family members' feelings and ideas.**

63 Listen carefully to what they are saying before you judge or disagree. Each family member has his or her own opinions. Try not to be angry at someone's opinions. They are allowed to have views that differ from yours. Even if you think that they are wrong, listen with an open mind to show that you care and remember that no one is perfect.

64

Always talk politely. Try to stay calm and don't let anger build up in you until you burst out in anger. Uncontrolled anger and screaming or shouting will get you nowhere. 65 Your time with them is shorter than you think. Soon you both will be out of the home and grown up. If someone in your family has done something wrong, explain to them gently why you are hurt and give them time to see your opinion.

- A. Don't scream or shout.
- B. Don't speak in a low voice.
- C. Do not fight with your brothers or sisters.
- D. Doing housework together also helps.
- E. Follow these three steps, and you will make a big difference to your lifestyle.
- F. Allow members of your family to express their own feelings and ideas.
- G. Try applying the following three suggestions to make your family life better.

六、词汇运用 (共14小题;每小题1分,满分14分)

A) 根据下列句子所给汉语注释或上下文,在答题卡上标有题号的横线上,写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。

66. My mother made a cake in the \_\_\_\_\_ (形状) of a heart this morning.

67. This computer supplier provides very good after-sales \_\_\_\_\_ (服务) .

68. Have you \_\_\_\_\_ (想象) being able to touch the person by making video calls?

69. Through hard work, she got the chance to study in college \_\_\_\_\_ (成功地) .

70. Sydney is often \_\_\_\_\_ (误认为) for the capital city of Australia.

71. China and India between them account for a third of the global \_\_\_\_\_ (人口) .



72. ---The Palace Museum is a good place to enjoy works of art.  
 --- I couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ more.
73. ---Have you finished the book?  
 --- Yes. How interesting! It's \_\_\_\_\_ reading a second time.
74. ---Sandy's wonderful designs for the art festival were highly praised.  
 --- Yes, we all think she has a real \_\_\_\_\_ for painting.

B) 阅读下面短文,将方框中单词或短语的正确形式填入答题卡标有题号的横线上。每个单词或短语仅用一次。

easy    nothing    difficult    pass on    fight

Yue Fei is a hero in Chinese history. He was a famous general (将军) who lived during the Song Dynasty (960-1279). In 1125, the Jin army from the north invaded (侵略) the Song kingdom. Yue decided 75 the Jin.

Before he set out, his mother asked him, "Right now the country is facing a great 76. What do you plan to do?"

"Serve the country with utmost loyalty (精忠报国)," Yue said.

That was what his mother hoped her son would do. She decided to tattoo (给……文身) these four words on to his back so he would not 77 forget them.

His mother asked, "My child, tattoos are quite painful. Are you afraid?"

Yue said, "Mother, a little needle (针) is 78. If I was afraid of a needle, how could I face going to war on the front lines?"

Keeping these words in mind, Yue defeated the Jin army many times. Sadly, Yue was sent to jail (监狱) by the traitor (卖国贼) Qin Hui and was killed. But Yue's spirit 79 all the time.

### 七、阅读表达(共3小题;每小题2分,满分6分)

阅读下面短文,用英语回答问题,并将答案写在答题卡标有题号的横线上。

Creative thinking isn't just for art classes. Any time you try something different to solve a problem, you're being creative. In sports, that might mean trying new moves to score a goal for your team. In engineering, that might mean using different materials to protect an egg. At home, it could mean figuring out a shortcut to get to your friend's house or making up a game to enjoy yourself. You are creative every day!



Are some people naturally more creative than others?

Maybe, but anyone can get more creative with practice. Here are some skills that work for professional people who are creative in very different ways.

#### Explore and Imagine

Shigeru Miyamoto is the brains behind Super Mario Bros, one of the world's most popular video games. He spent hours exercising his creativity by exploring nature and going on adventures in his mind. He finds joy in making up new worlds and adventures to design new games.

#### Look for mix-up

Dr. Oxman and her team mix things that don't usually go together. For example, they mixed ideas from common robots and insects when they invented small robots. Dr. Oxman said she often doubted her ideas. If you come up with ideas you're not sure about, don't worry.

**Keep Creating**

Miranda wrote the songs for Disney's movie Moana. In an interview, he was asked if he kept writing new songs, his answer: "Always!"

**Fear no failure**

Researchers have found that the most creative people don't wait for the perfect idea. They constantly (不断地) come up with new ideas, then keep the best of them. Also, like most inventors and scientists, creative people have more failure than success.

80. What did Dr. Oxman and her team do when they invented small robots?

\_\_\_\_\_

81. What is Shigeru Miyamoto's job?

\_\_\_\_\_

82. You're a creative boy or girl. Please give an example of your own experience. (用1-2 句话)

\_\_\_\_\_

**八、书面表达 (共1小题;满分20分)**

近日,青少年辅导员 Sigmund Friend 收到了 Joe 的来信。假如你是 Sigmund Friend,请你根据信中的内容和以下的要求,写一封回信。

Dear Mr Friend,  
I'm in the ninth grade. This is an important grade in junior high. Recently, I got a new English teacher. I've found that I can't adapt to (适应) her teaching methods. I don't want to give up on this subject because it's really important. What should I do?  
Best wishes,  
Joe

要求:1.包含要点:

- (1) 英语学习的重要性; (2) 加强沟通和交流; (3) .....
- 2.词数90左右;开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。
- 3.内容恰当,逻辑合理。

Dear Joe,

Thank you for your letter. I hope I can help you.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

I hope my advice is valuable to you.

Best wishes,

Sigmund Friend

2022~2023 学年第二学期初三年级第一次调研试卷

## 英语参考答案

2023.03

一、听力选择 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

1-5 BACBC      6-10 BBCAC      11-15 ACCAB      16-20 BCACC

二、单项填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

21-25 ACDBA      26-30 DBADA      31-35 CBBCD

三、完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

36-40 BCADC      41-45 BBCCB

四、阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

46-50 DACDB      51-55 BACAD      56-60 CDBBA

五、信息还原 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

61-65 GDFAC

六、词汇检测 (共 14 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 14 分)

66. shape      67. service      68. imagined      69. successfully      70. mistaken

71. population      72. agree      73. worth      74. gift      75. to fight

76. difficulty      77. easily      78. nothing      79. is passed on

七、阅读表达(共 3 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 6 分)

80. They mixed ideas from common robots and insects.

81. He is a video game designer/ His job is to design new (video) games.

82. 略。(言之有理即可)

八、书面表达 (共 1 题; 满分 20 分)

参考答案:

Dear Joe,

Thank you for your letter. I hope I can help you.

As you said, English is very important. It is widely used in the world today. Learning English can help us know more about different cultures and understand the world better.

I'm glad to know that you don't want to give up on this subject. On one hand, try to talk to your new English teacher about your problem. I think she will discuss the situation with you sincerely and give you more help.

On the other hand, learning English well needs your own effort. You'd better work hard on it, no matter who teaches you. Spend more time in English reading and writing. You should be more confident in yourself. I'm sure you will adapt to her teaching methods through your hard work.

I hope my advice is valuable to you.

Best wishes,

Sigmund Friend